

Report Abstract

The National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD and TB Prevention released a statement back in November of 2015 signaling the abnormal increase of three STDs (chlamydia, gonorrhea, and syphilis) for the first time since 2006. As of 2013, the numbers are astronomical. There were 1.4 million reported cases of chlamydia which is up 2.8 percent since 2013. Rates of primary and secondary (P&S) syphilis – the most infectious stages of syphilis –and gonorrhea have both increased since 2013, by 15.1 percent and 5.1 percent, respectively. In 2014, there were 350,062 reported cases of gonorrhea. There is great prevalence among young people especially women. The purpose of this study is to identify relationships between new infections and household income levels. The cohort predicts that lower household income levels play an important role in the widespread increase in infections.

Reference: Center For Disease Control, (2016). Reported Cases Of Sexually Transmitted Disease on the Rise, Some At Alarming Rates. Retrieved from

<http://www.cdc.gov/nchhstp/newsroom/2015/std-surveillance-report-press-release.html>