

Section 2

From other viewpoints, it seems God does not exist. As Anthony Flew states in a publication that the Biblical conception of God entails a renunciation of autonomy of the will. In this statement, he is indirectly opposing the existence of God. Specifically, he says, "...the Biblical conception of God entails a denial of freedom of the will and a complete determinism." (Miethe and Flew). Flew maintains that his only problem is the fact that he cannot get the DNA of the first human beings to reproduce.

In another view by Shook (17), atheology offers clear demonstrations that god does not exist. In his argument, he states that there is plenty of material that can support his position. This material includes logic, unmistakable evidence, as well as scientific evidence. Theology has always defended religion through maintaining the aspects of the existence of God. Further, in his argument, Shook states that the presence of defensive theology raises questions on the existence of a god (Shook 17). Some theists have been supported by the idea that the devil exists. If the existence of the devil is a reality, then god cannot be omnipotent and omniscient as the Bible and religion purport.

More viewpoints keep pointing out that God does not exist. Stephen Hawking, a renowned astrophysicist, states that the universe is the work of scientifically justifiable occurrences, and not of god. In his statement in the Spanish daily *El Mundo*, he says, "Before we understand science, it is natural to believe that God created the universe. However, now science offers a more convincing explanation. He continues to question where God was before creation: whether he was preparing hell for people like him, who questioned his existence (Varma). In addition to scientific discoveries, he also states that God never left any physical evidence to suggest his existence. God has never spoken to the modern man. For instance, through television, he would speak to all people as a way of confirming his existence.

Section 3

On the contrary, there is a possibility that God exists. Marilyn Adamson presents a comprehensive passage that explains why we should believe that God exists. She cites about the composition of the human body and its uniqueness. Most importantly, the existence of Jesus Christ is the greatest manifestation of God on earth. In the passage, Adamson states, "...He did what people cannot do. Jesus performed miracles. He healed people..." (Adamson). There is rich evidence on the existence of Jesus Christ. He was the sole representative of God. His human nature, as documented in the Holy Bible has been substantiated using scientific and archaeological matter. This then means that God exists and the best way to tell how he looks like, is by looking at ourselves. Adamson gives more narratives on how the concept of God is real and very powerful among ourselves.

Taylor, a professor of philosophy demonstrates the existence of God in his book. Even though demonstrating the existence of God is utterly impossible. He passes across a vital message about the nature and existence of God. The central argument that Taylor gives is the existence of God through theist ideologies. He does not, however, believe in Christianity.

Taylor bases his conclusions on philosophy and available evidence from concepts that he builds up. He does not appeal to the authority of the holy scriptures. Overall, he ascertains that God exists and the scripture is not a direct communication from God, but rather an account of the experiences and reflections of some men (Taylor).

Dr. Craig, a modern theologian presents his perspective, which represents his ultimate faith and belief. He states clearly that God exists. Various reasons are provided in strengthening this belief. First, if there were no God, then the human race would be free of ageing, disease, and death. He says, "...the sober fact is that unless you die young, someday you—you yourself—will be an old man or an old woman, fighting a losing battle with aging, struggling against the inevitable advance of deterioration, disease, perhaps senility." (Craig). This and other facts lead to a general belief that God exists.