

The first category of ratios is liquidity. ^{This} The ratio helps the investors and management to examine the potential of the firm in paying its ^{current} debts using the current assets. The current ratio of Dell in 2020 and 2019 was 0.7 and 0.8 respectively. The ratio shows that the organization has more liability than the current assets. The quick ratio was 0.64 and 0.72 in the last financial year. ^{type?} Dell can pay ~~less than~~ ^{type?} 70% of the liabilities using liquid assets in the last financial year. The cash ratio of Dell is 0.18 and 0.22 in the last two financial years. ^{? How do you have 2 regular for 1 yr.}

Solvency ratios are metrics that are used to measure the ability of Dell ^{to meet} in meeting its long-term obligations, using the available resources. An organization may either use debts, or shareholders' contributions, to finance its operations. The debt ratio of the organization is between ~~0.97~~ ^{0.97} and ^{0.97} ~~1~~, in the last two financial years. ^{For 2019 and 2020, respectively.} The ratio shows that the organization is risky and may not get loans from financial institutions. "The debt ratio and debt to equity show that the organization relies on debt to finance the assets (Kourtis, Kourtis & Curtis, 2019)." ^{The last is the} interest coverage ratio ~~that~~ measures the potential of an organization in using EBIT to pay interest expense. The interest expense of Dell is more than EBIT, which is risky for the organization and shareholders (Dell Technologies Inc., 2020). ^{← why?}

The profitability ratios include profit margin, return on assets, and return on equity. The ratios measure sales, total assets, and total equity to net income, realized by the organization. Profit margin increased by over ~~2.5~~ ^{2.5%, from 2019, totaling} compared to the previous value of 5.01%. The return on equity lies between 121% and 909%. (The return on equity is high because of the low level of equity used to finance the assets of Dell Company). ^{The last is the} return on assets, which is ^{uses} between 3.88% and 2.07%. Profitability ratios show that the organization ^{to generate} turns its assets, and equity ^{into a profit} at the end of the year. ^{what is this sentence comparing? years?}

1. Explain the ratios and their importance.

this is wrong, it means assets are used to generate profit.

Activity ratios include inventory turnover and asset turnover. The asset turnover of Dell lies between 284 days and 295 days. ^{These results} The ratio shows that the assets of the firm are inefficiently used to generate revenue. The inventory turnover is between 13 and 14 days. The company has a high rate of turnover of inventory used for production (Kourtis, Kourtis & Curtis, 2019). The current situation can be corrected by reducing debt financing and increasing equity financing.

What situation?