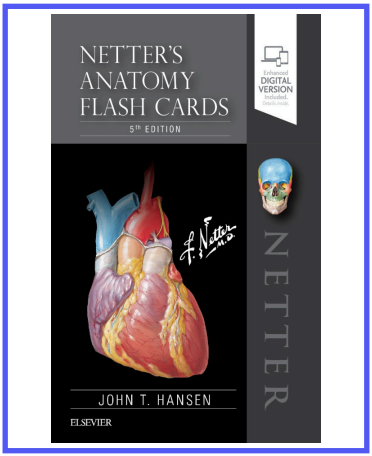


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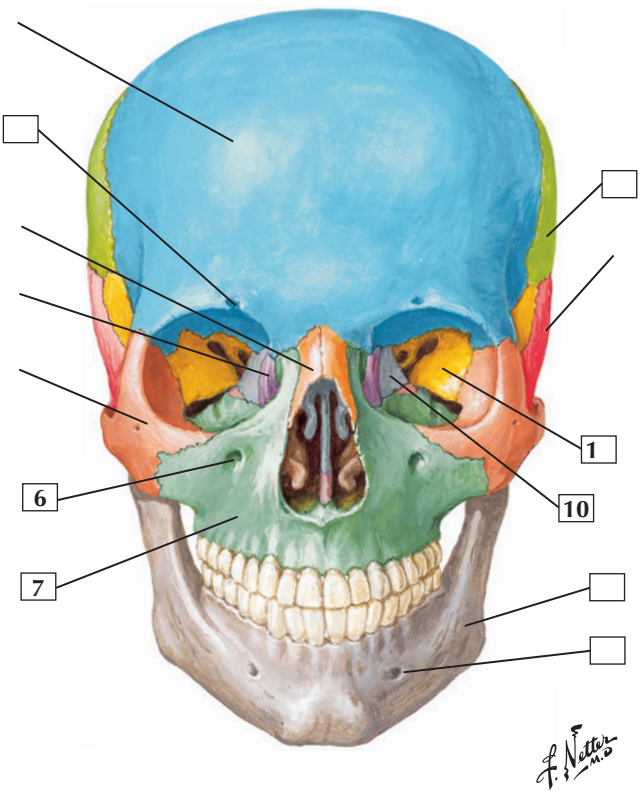
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Frontal bone
Supraorbital notch (foramen)
Nasal bone
Lacrimal bone
Zygomatic bone
Infraorbital foramen
Maxillary bone

8. Mental foramen
9. Mandible
10. Ethmoid bone (Orbital plate)
11. Sphenoid bone
12. Temporal bone
13. Parietal bone

ment: The bones of the neurocranium are fused together at vable, fibrous joints, such as the sutures.

general classes of skull bones are the bones of the **ocranium** (8 bones), which enclose the brain, and the facial s (14 bones) **(viscerocranium)**. The 8 bones of the cranium are the frontal, occipital, ethmoid, and sphenoid bo r of temporal bones, and a pair of parietal bones. The gener **cranium** refers to the skeleton of the head.

ciated bones of the skull include the auditory ossicles (3 in le ear cavity) and the unpaired hyoid bone. The skull and iated bones constitute 29 different bones (the 32 adult teet art of the mandible and maxilla and are not counted separat

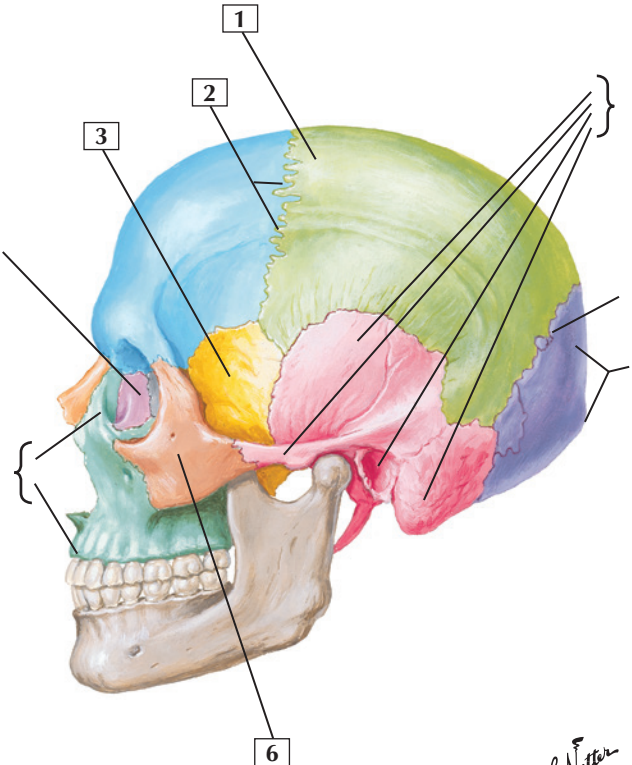
ical: Midface fractures are classified clinically as Le Fort tures:

e Fort I: horizontal fracture detaching the maxilla along the asal floor

e Fort II: pyramidal fracture that includes both maxillae, nas ones, infraorbital rims, and orbital floors

e Fort III: includes the Le Fort II fracture and both zygomati ones; may cause airway obstruction, nasolacrimal obstructi nd cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) leakage

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