Properties of Organic Compounds

Report She						731
Date			Name			
Section		-	Team			
Instructor						
Pre-Lab Study	/ Questions	3				
1. Would you o	expect an org	anic compour	nd to be solub	le in water?	Why?	
2. Which is mo	ore flammable	e: an organic	or inorganic c	ompound?		witz zja w
	== 5	×				
			;;\$0,			
A. Color, Od	or, and Phy	sical State				
	T .		1	T		1
Name	Formula	Physical State	Odor	Melting Point	Type of Bonds?	Organic or Inorganic?
Sodium chloride	8					
Cyclohexane	C ₆ H ₁₂		¥ 4			
Potassium iodide					2	
Benzoic acid	C ₇ H ₆ O ₂					WH I
Toluene	C ₇ H ₈					
Water	6					
			241			-
3. Solubility						
n the mixture, v	vater is the _	la	ayer and cycle	ohexane is	thelayer	
Solute	Solubility in Cyclohexane				Organic or Inorganic?	
NaCl s						
Toluene		-			F 11	

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C. Combustion

Compound	Flammable (Color of Flame)	Not Flammable	Organic or Inorganic?
NaCl			1
Cyclohexane		41	

From your observations of the chemical and physical properties of alkanes as organic compounds, complete the following table:

Property	Organic Compounds	Inorganic Compounds
Elements		
Bonding	4	
Melting points		a contract
Strong odors	:	
Flammability		
Solubility		

Questions and Problems

Q.1 Describe three properties you can use to distinguish between organic and inorganic compounds.

Q.2 A white solid has no odor, is soluble in water, and is not flammable. Would you expect it to be an organic or an inorganic substance? Why?

Q.3 A clear liquid with a gasoline-like odor forms a layer when added to water. Would you expect it to be an organic or an inorganic substance? Why?

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D. Functional Groups

Compound	D.1 Full Structural Formula	D.2 Organic Family
СН ₃ —ОН	e Programme	
СН ₃ —СН ₂ —СН ₃		
CH ₂ =CH ₂		
СН ₃ —О—СН ₃		
CH ₃ —NH ₂		
О СН ₃ —С—ОН		
O CH ₃ —C—CH ₃		
H CH ₃ —N—CH ₃ .		

Report Sheet

Questions and Problems

Q.4 Classify the following organic compounds according to their functional groups:

a. _____CH₃—CH₂—CH=CH—CH₃

b. _____ CH₃—CH₂—N—CH₂—CH₃

CH₃—CH₂—O—CH₃

d. _____CH₃—C—CH₂—CH₃

e. ______ CH₃—CH₂—CH₂—C—OH

f. CH₃—CH₂—CH₂—C—O—CH₃