

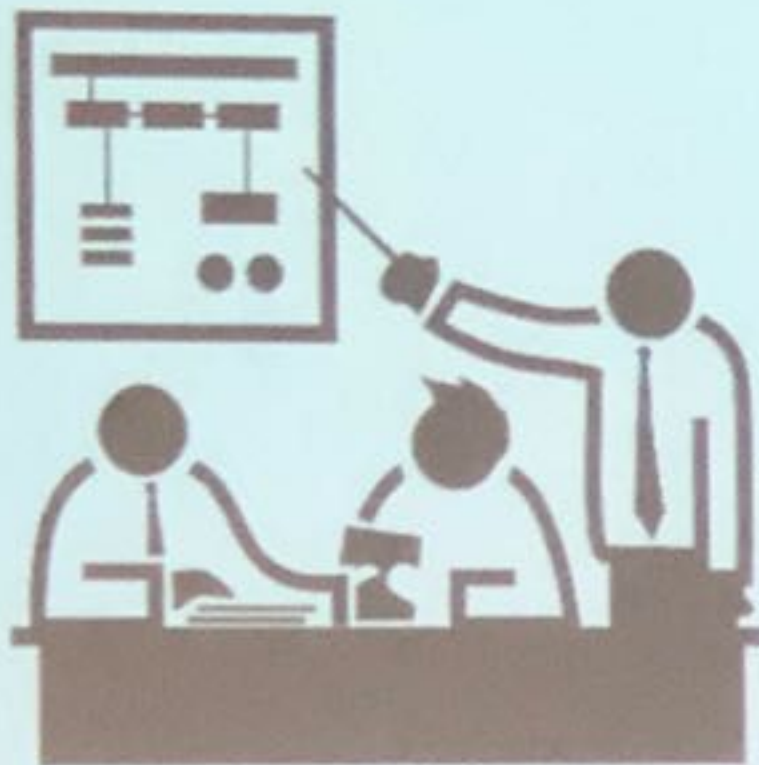
## Assessment #2

- Due Week 8 (12.00pm, 7 September)
- Electronic lodgement only
- Reference to scholarly articles is required
- What time-frame to contextualise your idea and it's analysis?
  - Now! (i.e. 2018)
- Include a Business Model Canvass that identifies your thinking
  - Place this as an Appendix to the document

# Customer Focus for your Idea

- Who is your customer?
- How will you reach key customer market segments?
- What might determine customer choices to buy or not buy your product/service idea?
- Why would your product/service be a compelling choice for the customer?
- How would you price your product/service for the customer?
- Other considerations
  - How much does it cost to make and deliver your product/service?
  - How much does it cost to attract a customer?
  - How much does it cost to support and retain a customer?

# Internal Analysis



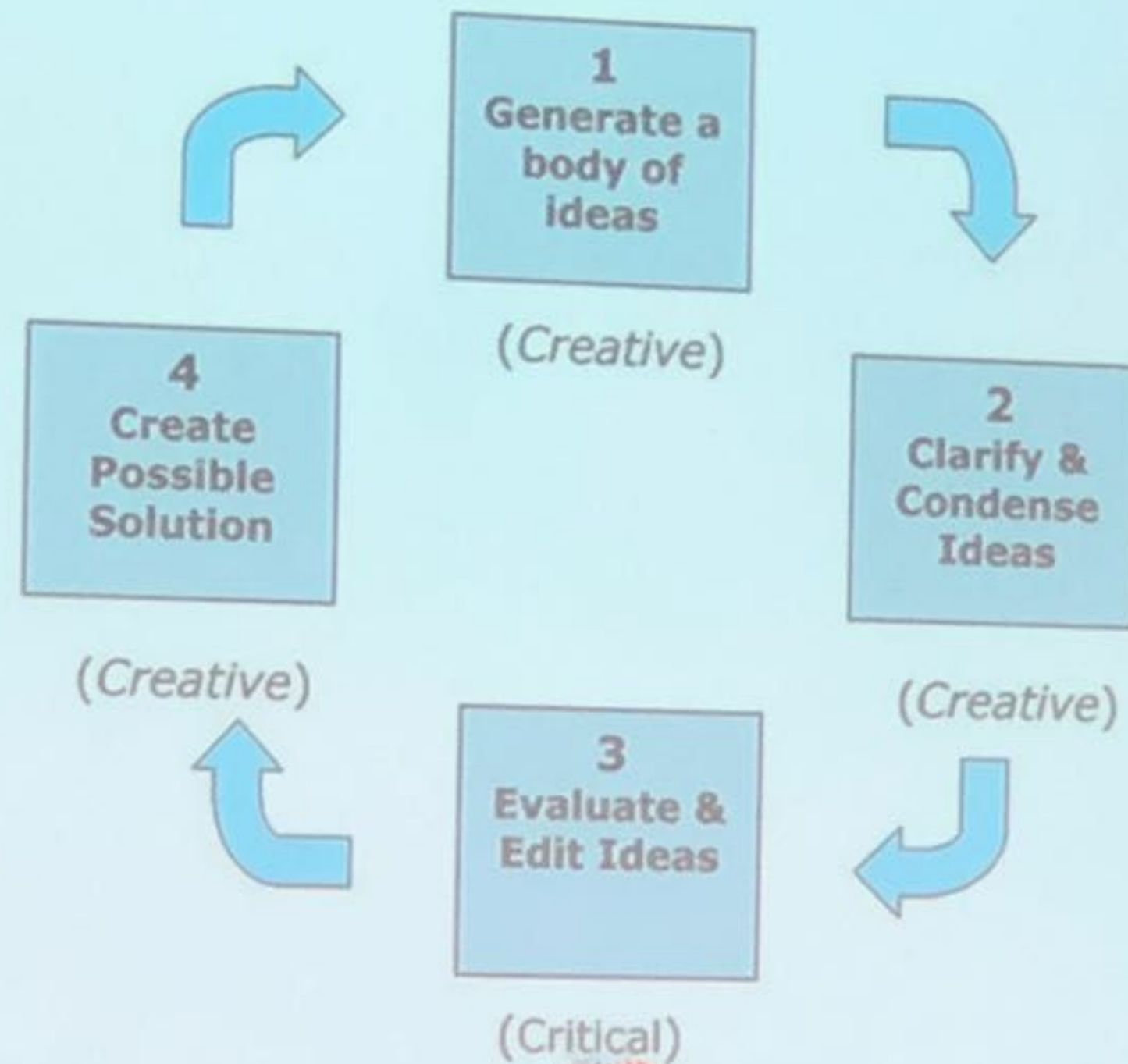
→ Unique resources,  
capabilities, and  
competencies  
*(required for sustainable  
competitive advantage)*

By studying the internal environment,  
organisations identify what they *can do*

# Generating Ideas

- Two pre-requisites to viable ideas are :
  - Domain knowledge; and
  - Process knowledge
- Design ideation uses current process knowledge on current domain knowledge to generate new knowledge
- Idea generation cycle commences with
  - Find
    - (from available domain knowledge)
  - Modify
    - (where new knowledge is generated using process knowledge)

# The Role of Creative & Critical Thinking



# What's an Attractive Opportunity?

- Context
  - A favourable industry and regulatory situation
- Important
  - The customer considers the problem (or need) important
- Profitable
  - The customer will pay for the solution and allow the enterprise to make profit
- Solvable
  - A problem than can be solved in the near future with accessible resources
- Timely
  - A contemporary need or problem

# Ideas Vs Opportunity

100 Business ideas



33 Market opportunities



10 Business opportunities

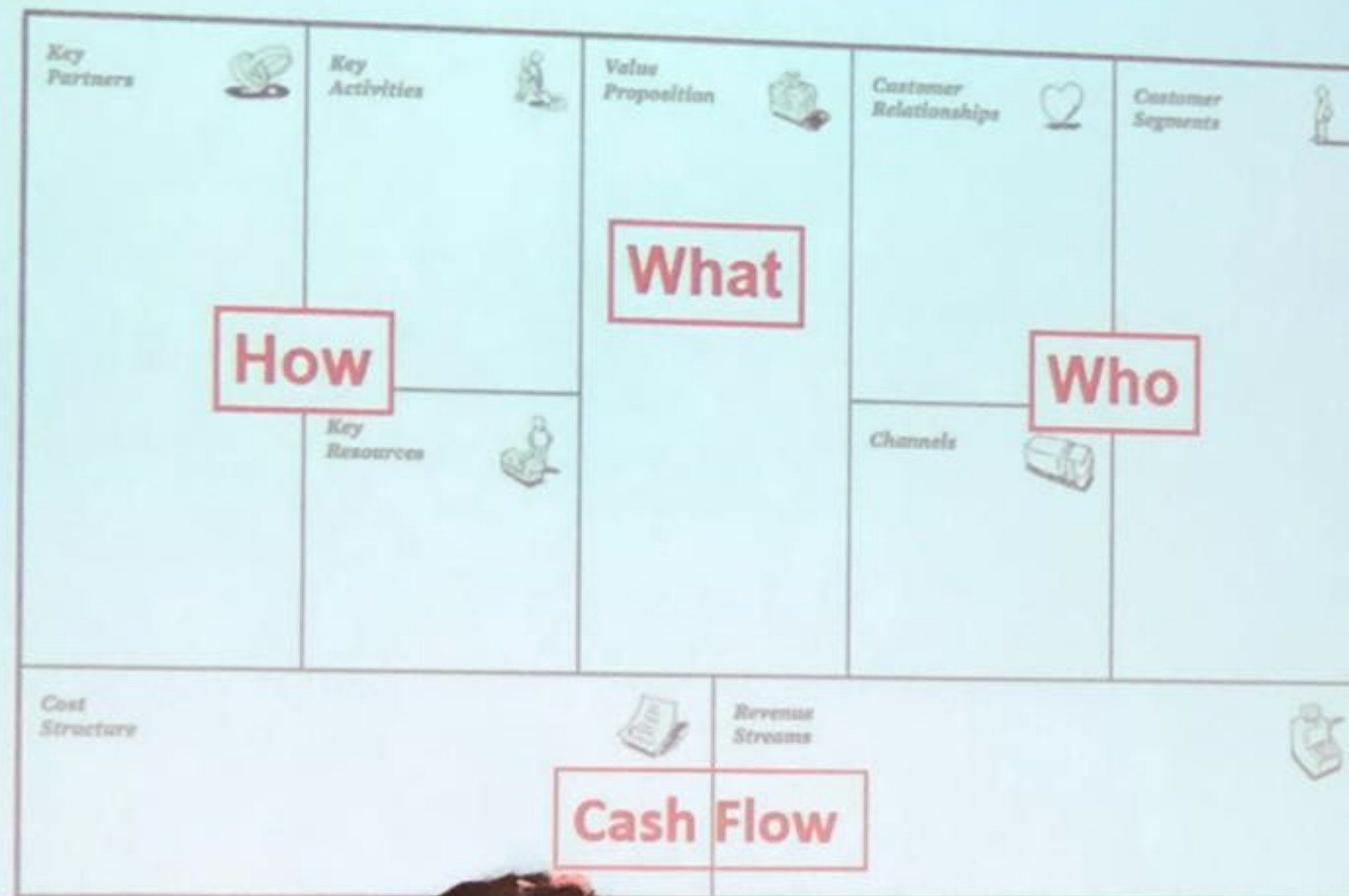


1 Realised opportunity

# The Business Model Canvass

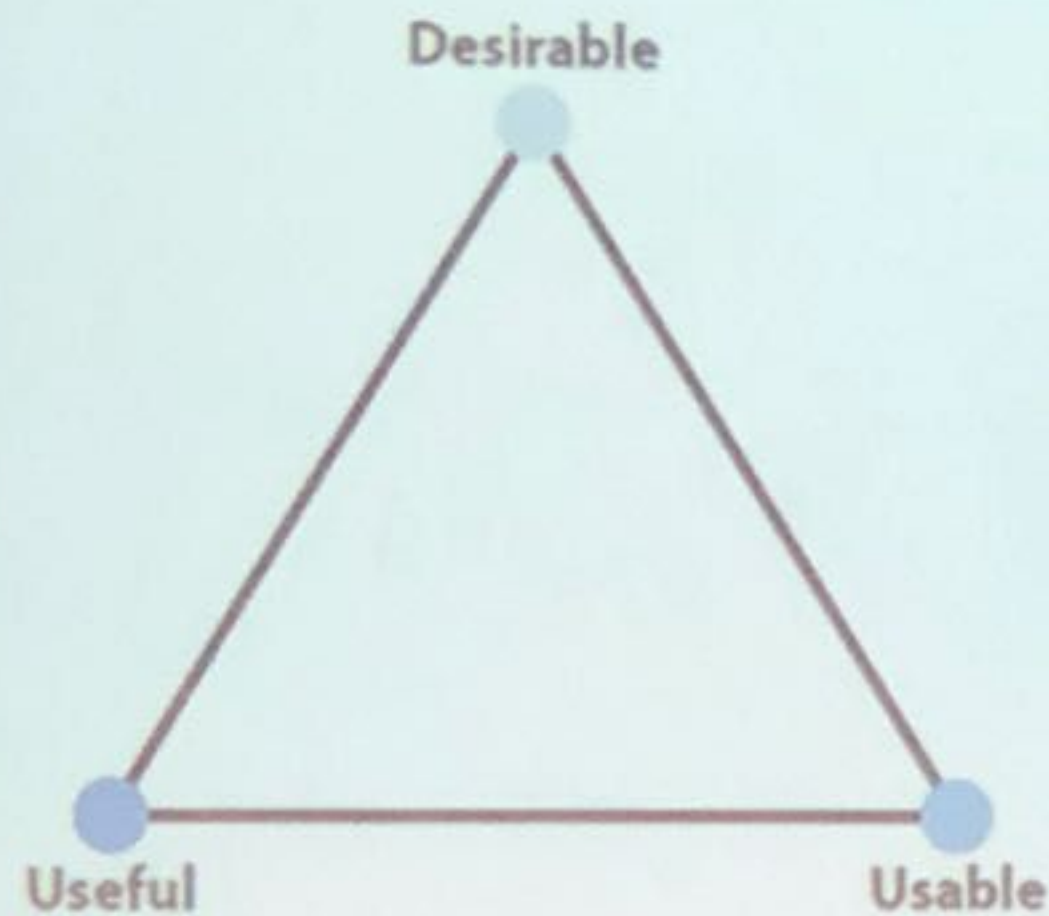
- Use the Business Model Canvass to help with your Idea...
- Also, can your idea be of benefit to an existing organisation?

# The Business Model Canvass



Source: Osterwalder A., and Pigneur  
MGMT20143: Think Big

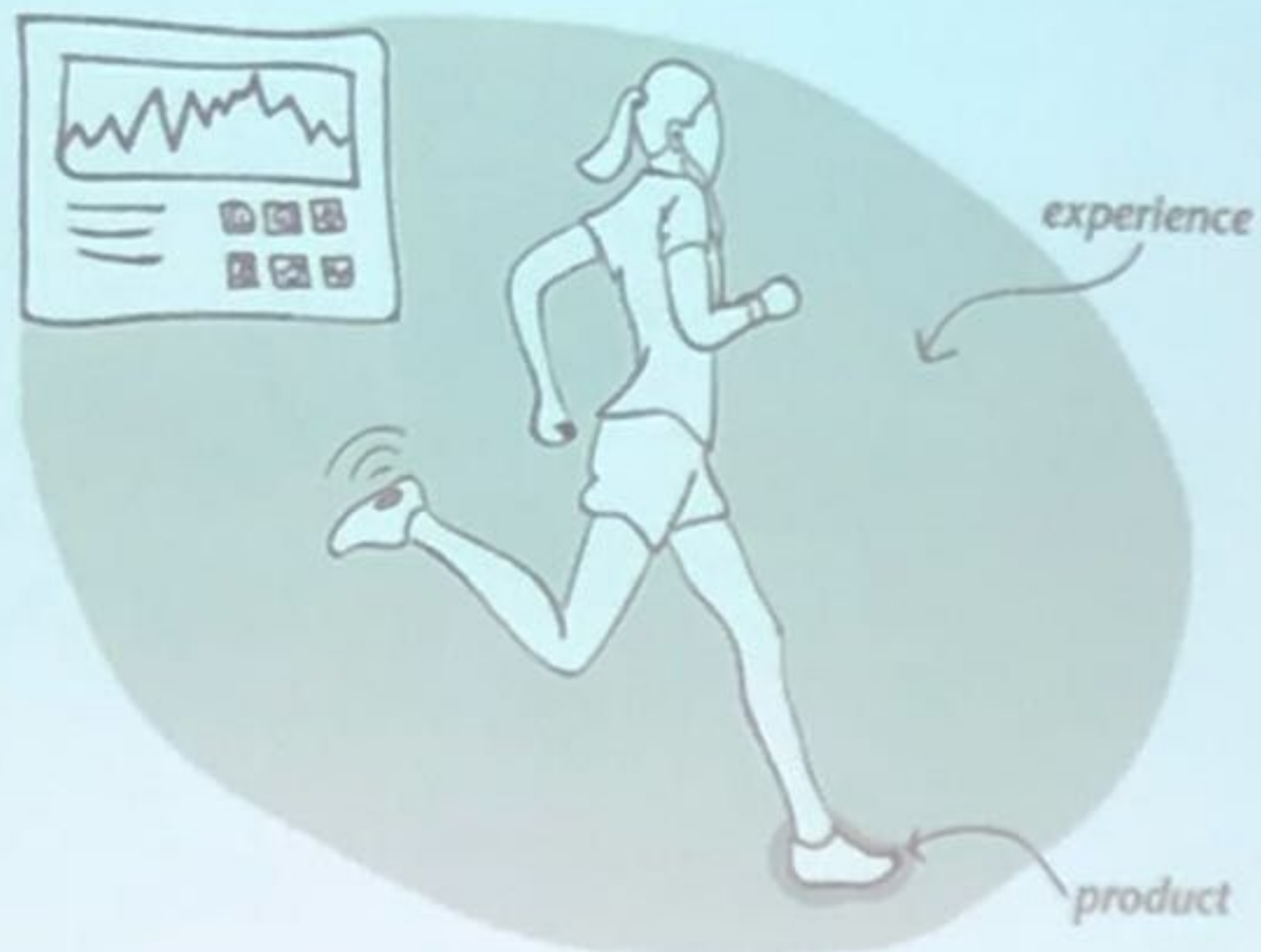
# The User Experience



Desirable: Appeal to emotions  
Usable: Provide easy access to value  
Useful: Offer value

- Experience, Expectancy, Envy
- Excitement, Enjoyment, Enforcement
- Entertainment, Esthetic, Escape, Education

# Product Experience



## Lastly.....

- Is your Idea domestic or international?
- If International (some considerations)
  - Do you need a domestic partner?
    - Mode of Distribution?
  - What about the role of Government?



# The Literature

- It is expected that Masters Level students will engage with the contemporary literature and demonstrate evidence of this engagement.
  - For every 100 words, it is expected a minimum of one (1) different references apart from the subject textbook will be taken from peer reviewed journals.
  - A submission with fewer than this number of references, while it may not fail against the rubric (marking criteria) it will also not excel against the marking criteria.

## Assessment #2

- Case Study: A 5 Page Written Report – 30%
  - Coversheet and Attachments, Appendices, References etc., do not form part of the 5 pages of content for this Report.
- A Business Idea
  - Explain the customer/market problem that needs solving and the innovation required
  - Give persuasive argument of the benefits to be generated by the idea
  - Discuss the proposed business model
  - Identify critical success factors to be managed during the implementation of the idea
  - Evaluation of the feasibility of the idea
  - Quality of the submission (including references)

## Contemporary Business Trends

- The growth of the service economy
- Technological and other advantages can be easily copied
  - So the advantage is not sustainable, it is temporary
- Relationships are the key to sustainable competitive advantage
  - They are difficult to copy

# Defining the Business Market for your Idea

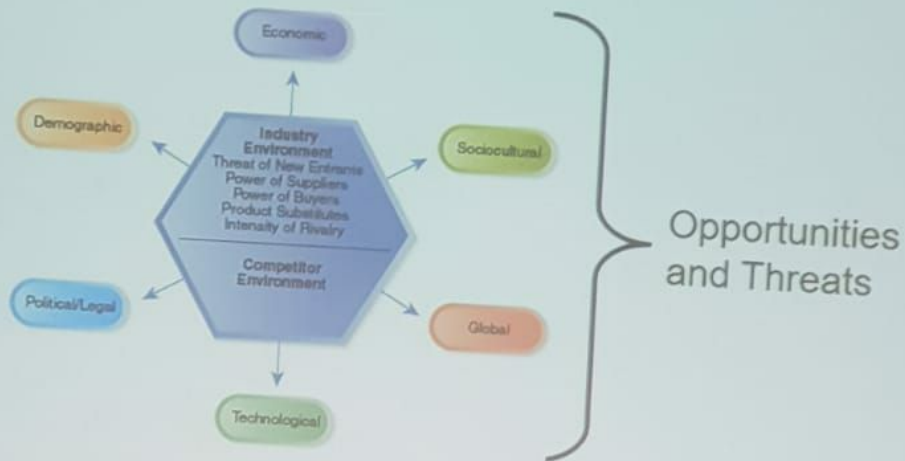
A Theoretical Framework that may be useful...



Source: Derek F. Abell (1980), *Defining Business: The Starting Point of Strategic Planning*

MGMT20143: Think Big

# External Analysis



By studying the external environment, organisations identify what they *might choose to do*.

## Finally...

- Businesses Fail
- New Businesses Fail
- Businesses Fail, even though they are profitable
- Do the (necessary) research, and analysis...