

4.3 Assess Your Understanding

'Are You Prepared?' The answer is given at the end of these exercises. If you get a wrong answer, read the pages listed in red.

1. Find the intercepts of the graph of the equation $y = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4}$. (pp. 11–12)

Concepts and Vocabulary

2. If the numerator and the denominator of a rational function have no common factors, the rational function is _____.
3. The graph of a rational function never intersects a _____ asymptote.
4. **True or False** The graph of a rational function sometimes intersects an oblique asymptote.
5. **True or False** The graph of a rational function sometimes has a hole.
6. $R(x) = \frac{x(x-2)^2}{x-2}$
 (a) Find the domain of R .
 (b) Find the x -intercepts of R .

Skill Building

In Problems 7–44, follow Steps 1 through 8 on pages 201–202 to analyze the graph of each function.

7. $R(x) = \frac{x+1}{x(x+4)}$

11. $R(x) = \frac{3}{x^2-4}$

15. $H(x) = \frac{x^3-1}{x^2-9}$

19. $G(x) = \frac{x}{x^2-4}$

23. $H(x) = \frac{x^2-1}{x^4-16}$

27. $R(x) = \frac{x^2+x-12}{x-4}$

31. $R(x) = \frac{x(x-1)^2}{(x+3)^3}$

34. $R(x) = \frac{x^2+3x-10}{x^2+8x+15}$

37. $R(x) = \frac{x^2+5x+6}{x+3}$

40. $f(x) = 2x + \frac{9}{x}$

43. $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x^3}$

8. $R(x) = \frac{x}{(x-1)(x+2)}$

12. $R(x) = \frac{6}{x^2-x-6}$

16. $G(x) = \frac{x^3+1}{x^2+2x}$

20. $G(x) = \frac{3x}{x^2-1}$

24. $H(x) = \frac{x^2+4}{x^4-1}$

28. $R(x) = \frac{x^2-x-12}{x+5}$

32. $R(x) = \frac{(x-1)(x+2)(x-3)}{x(x-4)^2}$

35. $R(x) = \frac{6x^2-7x-3}{2x^2-7x+6}$

38. $R(x) = \frac{x^2+x-30}{x+6}$

41. $f(x) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x}$

44. $f(x) = 2x + \frac{9}{x^3}$

9. $R(x) = \frac{3x+3}{2x+4}$

13. $P(x) = \frac{x^4+x^2+1}{x^2-1}$

17. $R(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2+x-6}$

21. $R(x) = \frac{3}{(x-1)(x^2-4)}$

25. $F(x) = \frac{x^2-3x-4}{x+2}$

29. $F(x) = \frac{x^2+x-12}{x+2}$

10. $R(x) = \frac{2x+4}{x-1}$

14. $Q(x) = \frac{x^4-1}{x^2-4}$

18. $R(x) = \frac{x^2+x-12}{x^2-4}$

22. $R(x) = \frac{-4}{(x+1)(x^2-9)}$

26. $F(x) = \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x-1}$

30. $G(x) = \frac{x^2-x-12}{x+1}$

33. $R(x) = \frac{x^2+x-12}{x^2-x-6}$

36. $R(x) = \frac{8x^2+26x+15}{2x^2-x-15}$

39. $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$

42. $f(x) = 2x^2 + \frac{16}{x}$

In Problems 45–48, find a rational function that might have the given graph. (More than one answer might be possible.)

