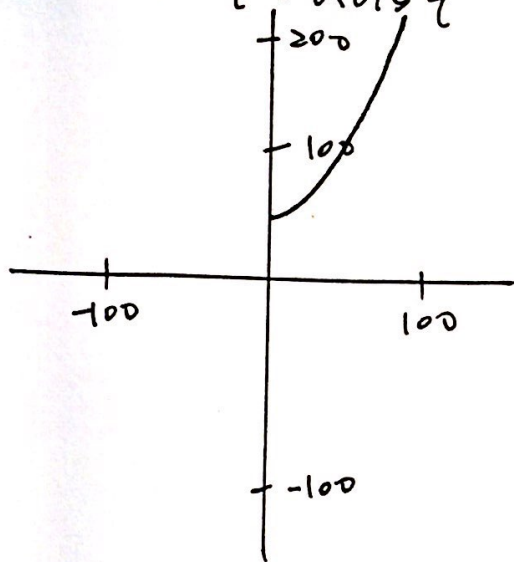


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1-a) The quantity produced (q) can not be achieved to take any value. since q cannot take a negative value since the quantity cannot be measured from such direction. The cost function has the y-intercept point and no x-intercept point. The domain of this cost function is $(-116.3$ to $133.3)$

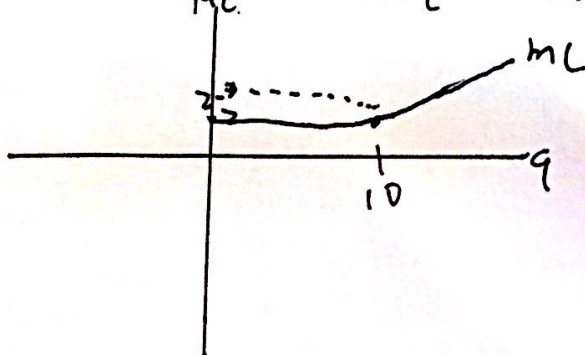
b) $C(q) = 15 + 2q + 0.015q^2$



c) The graph of $C'(q)$ is an increasing function since as q increases, so does $C'(q)$

$$C(q) = 15 + 2q + 0.015q^2$$

$$C'(q) = 2 + 0.030q \quad \text{where } C'(q) \text{ is the marginal cost}$$



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d) The cost of production of q widgets will be

$$C(q) = 15 + 2q + 0.015q^2$$

$$C(q) = 15 + 2(19) + 0.015(19)^2$$
$$= 15 + 198 + 147.015$$

$$= 420.015$$

$$C(q) = 420.015$$

e) Total cost is given by $TFC + TVC$

$$C(q) = 15 + 2q + 0.015q^2$$

then $q(0)$

$$C(0) = 15 + 2(0) + 0.015(0)^2$$

$$TFC(q) = 15$$

$$f) F(q) = 2q + 0.015q^2$$

$$C(q) = 15 + 2q + 0.015q^2$$

$$C(q+1) = 15 + 2q + 2 + 0.015q^2 + 0.015 + 0.03q$$

$$C(q+1) = 2.03q + 17.015 + 0.015q^2$$

$$g) MC(q) = \frac{C(q+1) - C(q)}{(q+1) - q} = C(q+1) - C(q)$$

$$MC(q) = 2.03q + 17.015 + 0.015q^2 - 15 - 2q - 0.015q^2$$

$$MC(q) = 0.03q + 2.015$$

$$h) MC(q) = 0.03q + 2.015$$

For $q = 100$

$$MC(100) = 0.03(100) + 2.015$$

$$= 5.015$$

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i) The slope of the tangent to $C(q)$ at $q=100$ is approximately 5

j) Units of $M_C(q)$ are cost per unit (dollars per widget)

$$2 \text{ a) } \frac{y - C(99)}{x - 99} = \frac{C(101) - C(99)}{101 - 99}$$

so, we get equation as $y = 5x - 99 \cdot 5 + C(99)$

so slope of line is $= 5$

b) This answer is very close to the answer in question 1-part i