

Calculate the vapor pressure of a solution prepared by mixing 79.0 grams of formaldehyde (CH₂O) with 400.0 grams of water at 22 °C. The vapor pressure of pure water at this temperature is 19.8 mmHg and the density is 1.00 g/mL.

Number

mmHg

What type of solid is predicted for each of the following types of substances?

CaCl₂

Ionic

Metallic

Molecular

Sn

Ionic

Metallic

Molecular

PCl₃

Ionic

Metallic

Molecular

If the reaction below has a rate law of $\text{Rate} = k[\text{A}]^2$



The reaction is _____ order with respect to A,

zero

first

second

third

fourth

_____ order with respect to B

zero

first

second

third

fourth

and _____ order overall

zero

first

second

third

fourth

Incorrect.

A reactant follows second order kinetics with a rate constant of $k = 0.0470 \text{ M}^{-1} \cdot \text{min}^{-1}$. Calculate the half-life when initial concentration is 4.00 M.

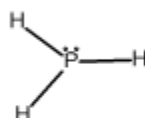
Number

min

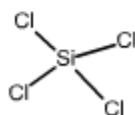
Which of the following statements are true?

- If the amount of solvent increases, the concentration decreases.
- The solubility of a solid solute usually decreases with temperature.
- The outer part of a micelle is hydrophobic.
- Two of these are true
- All of these are true
- None of these are true

What is the primary intermolecular force for the following compounds



-
- Dipole-dipole
 - Dispersion
 - Hydrogen-bonding



-
- Dipole-dipole
 - Dispersion
 - Hydrogen-bonding

If plotting reactant concentration over time is only linear when you take the natural log of the concentration, the reaction is probably _____ order with respect to that reactant.

- zero
- first
- second
- third
- fourth
- fifth

What is the osmotic pressure of a 0.200 solution at 31 °C (assuming the solute doesn't dissociate).

Number
 atm

An aqueous solution of H₂SO₄ has a concentration of 5.20 M and a density of 1.83 g/mL. Convert this concentration to units of molality.

Number
 m

A solution contains 4.75 moles of a compound dissolved in 589.0 g of water. Calculate the *change* in boiling point (not the new boiling point) when the compound is...

~~FeCl₂~~
Number
 °C

~~PCl₃~~
Number
 °C

Write the chemical equation for a reaction with the following relative rates:

$$\text{Rate} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{-\Delta[A]}{\Delta t} = \frac{1}{4} \frac{\Delta[B]}{\Delta t} = \frac{\Delta[C]}{\Delta t}$$

A solution is prepared by dissolving 50.0 grams of KCl in 500.0 grams of water. The density of this solution was 1.17 g/mL. Express the concentration in the following units

~~Mass percentage~~
Number
 % (w/w)

~~molarity~~
Number
 M

Determine the rate law for the reaction following reaction



given the following data

Trial	[A]	[B]	Rate
1	0.350	0.500	0.0700
2	0.350	1.00	0.140
3	0.700	0.500	0.280

- Rate = $k[A][B]^2$
- Rate = $k[A][B]$
- Rate = $k[B]^2$
- Rate = $k[A]^2$
- Rate = $k[B]$
- Rate = $k[A]$
- Rate = $k[A]^2[B]$

An aqueous solution of $MnCl_2$ has a concentration of 30.4 % (w/w) and a density of 1.05 g/mL. Convert this concentration to units of molarity.

Number M

Identify the following properties

The attraction between different types of particles

- Viscosity
- Surface Tension
- Adhesion
- Cohesion

A liquid's resistance to spreading out.

- Viscosity
- Surface Tension
- Cohesion
- Adhesion

Which of the following statements are true?

- The larger a molecule, the less polarizable it is.
- For substances in a gaseous state, their intermolecular forces are much weaker than their kinetic energy.
- A nonpolar substance can form an induced dipole by getting near a polar molecule
- Two of these are true
- All of these are true
- None of these are true

Freshly squeezed orange juice usually contains small pieces of solid pulp floating in it, which would make this a _____ colloid.

- aerosol
- emulsion
- foam
- gel
- sol

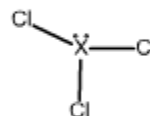
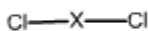
Calculate the average rate of a reaction if the product concentration increases 0.85 M in 5.8 seconds.

Number M/ s

The following compounds are based on an unknown nonmetal X (though you know it's *not* N, O, or F). Arrange the following in increasing order of their predicted boiling points:

HX, XCl₂, XCl₃

- HX < XCl₂ < XCl₃
- XCl₂ < XCl₃ < HX
- XCl₃ < HX < XCl₂
- XCl₂ < HX < XCl₃
- XCl₃ < XCl₂ < HX
- HX < XCl₃ < XCl₂



A closed flask contains water and carbon monoxide gas at 5.30 atm and 25 °C. Calculate the solubility of the gas.

Number M

A solution is prepared by dissolving 45.0 grams of KCl in 375.0 grams of water. Express the concentration in the following units

molality
 Number m

mole fraction
 Number

A reactant follows first order kinetics with $k = 0.650 \text{ s}^{-1}$. If the initial concentration is 3.50 M, how long would it take for the concentration to drop to 0.60 M?

Number s