

Thinking of the courage Gilgamesh had when they set out to fight Humbaba I will say it is because of the action-oriented nature he did not fear. Because Enkidu knew Humbaba, he did not have the same courage as Gilgamesh. Though Gilgamesh won this battle, it is because he was a man of action; he did not allow his thoughts to get ahead of him. This nature allowed him to believe in himself thus gaining victory of this forest giant which helped him when he came back his people celebrated and termed as a hero.

Moreover, Gilgamesh did not think of the destruction he will bring to his people when he turned. When Gilgamesh rejected the offer of goddess Ishtar, he heaped insults at her, with these insults hearting the goddess one at a time. When Gilgamesh insulted Ishtar, he had no idea what he was subjecting his people to, therefore, defending the idea that he was a man of action, not contemplation. Here we see the law of unpremeditated consequences coming into play. Because of his baseless killing of Humbaba and him joining Enkidu in humiliating Ishtar, Gilgamesh brings a disastrous event which he had no control. His irrational behaviour brings forth the anger of the gods.

Almusallam:

Where is your works cited page?
There are a few issues with your paper; however, your essay has a number of good points.

First, revise your thesis statement and introduction into two paragraphs, ~~the~~ your thesis statement should be placed at the end ~~of~~ of your introduction. Second support all claims with textual evidence and proper documentation. Third, add a Works Cited page properly formatted.